SAFETY DATA SHEET GENIE CONCENTRATE, GENIE

SECTION 1- PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME : GENIE CONCENTRATE SYNONYMS : Product is a mixture: GENIE

PRODUCT USE : Flammable Material SUPPLIER : WESMAR CO. INC.

SUPPLIER'S ADDRESS : 5720 204TH ST. SW, LYNNWOOD, WA 98036

(206) 783-5344

EMERGENCY RESPONSE PHONE: PERS: 1-800-633-8253

NUMBER



SECTION 2 – HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

CLASSIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE

GHS U.S. – CLASSIFICATION : H302 Harmful if swallowed.

: H315 Causes skin irritation

: H319 Causes serious eye irritation

LABEL ELEMENTS : GHS – US HAZARD The product is classified and labeled according to

PICTOGRAMS

HAZARD PICTOGRAMS :



(!)

the Globally Harmonized System (GHS).

SIGNAL WORD : DANGER

HAZARD STATEMENTS (GHS-US)

: H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor

: H302 Harmful if swallowed.: H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS (SGS-US)

PREVENTION: P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

: P102 Keep out of reach of children.

: P103 Read label before use.

: P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces – No smoking.

: P233 Keep container tightly closed.

: P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

: P241 Use explosion proof electrical/ventilation/light...equipment

: P242 Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
 P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

: P264 Wash skin and contaminated clothing thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink, or smoke when using this product.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear suitable protective gloves/protective clothing/eye

protection/face protection.

RESPONSE : P305+P351 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

+P338 contact lenses if present and easy to do – continue rinsing.

P337+P313 If eye irritation persists, get medical attention.

: P303+P361 IF ON SKIN: Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

+351 Rinse skin with water/shower.

: P304+P340 IF INHALED: If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and

keep at rest in a position comfortable to breathing.

: P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

STORAGE: P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

: P405 Store locked up.

DISPOSAL : P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

local/regional/national/international regulations

OSHA HAZARDS : Isopropanol: Flammable liquid, Target Organ Effect, Irritant

Dipropylene Glycol Methyl Ether (DPM): Target Organ Effect.

TARGET ORGANS : Isopropanol: Cardiovascular system, Gastrointestinal tract, Kidney, Liver, Nerves.

Dipropylene Glycol Methyl Ether (DPM): Kidney, Liver, Nerves

CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM : NFPA/HMIS Definitions: 0-Least, 1-Slight, 2-Moderate, 3-High, 4-Extreme.

NFPA RATINGS (SCALE 0-4) : Health = 2, Fire = 0, Reactivity = 0 HMIS RATINGS (SCALE 0-5) : Health = 2, Fire = 0, Reactivity = 0

SECTION 3 - COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

CHEMICAL CHARACTERISTIC : Mixtures

DESCRIPTION: Mixture of the substances listed below with nonhazardous additions.

COMPONENT	PERCENT	CAS#	EC#	GHS CLASS	
Isopropanol (Isopropyl alcohol)	30-40	67-63-0	200-661-7	Eye Irrit Cat 2, Flam Liq Cat 2	
				STOT SE Cat 3	
Dipropylene glycol methyl ether	1-5	34590-94-8	252-104-2	Eye Irrit: Cat 2B	
Nonylphenol Ethoxylate	0.1-1.0	127087-87-0	500-315-8	Eye Dam Cat 1	
Ammonium Hydroxide	0.1-1	1336-21-6	215-647-6	Skin Corr Cat 1B, Eye Dam Cat 1,	
				Acute Tox Inhal Cat 3,	
				Acute Aquatic Tox Cat 1	

Irrit = Irritation, Cor = Corrosive, Dam = Damage, Cat = Category, Tox = Toxic, STOT-SE = Specific Target Organ Toxicity-Single Exposure. Also contains non-hazardous dye and fragrance.

SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES

DESCRIPTION OF FIRST AID MEASURES

GENERAL : If you feel unwell, seek medical advice. Show the label where possible. Take proper

precautions to ensure your own health and safety before attempting rescue and providing first aid. Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in

attendance. Move out of dangerous area

EYE CONTACT: Immediately flush eyes with low pressure water for at least 15 minutes. Hold eyelids

open to ensure adequate flushing. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do so. Continue rinsing. If irritation persists, get immediate medical attention.

SKIN CONTACT : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash affected skin area with soap and

water. If irritation persists, get immediate medical attention. Wash contaminated

clothing before reuse.

SWALLOWING (INGESTION) : If ingested, dilute swallowed material by drinking water. DO NOT INDUCE

VOMITING. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep airway clear and have victim lean forward to prevent aspiration. Give more water when vomiting stops. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get immediate medical attention.

INHALATION : Remove to fresh air. If signs/symptoms continue, get medical attention. Give oxygen

or artificial respiration as needed.

OTHER INSTRUCTIONS

: Rescue personnel must wear appropriate protective equipment during removal of victims from contaminated areas. Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5 – FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

: Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical, or carbon dioxide.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND

: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing to prevent contact

with skin and eyes. Keep unopened containers cool by spraying with water

PRECAUTIONS FOR FIRE FIGHTERS

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION

: Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

HAZARDS

OSHA/NFPA (ISOPROPANOL) : Class 1B Flammable Liquid.
FLASH POINT (ISOPROPANOL) : 12°C/53°F Closed Cup.

SECTION 6 – ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS, PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT & EMERGENCY PROCEDURES : Do not inhale vapors, mist, or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Beware of vapors accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapors can accumulate in low areas. Restrict access to keep out unauthorized or unprotected personnel. Wear protective equipment. Avoid inhalation and direct contact.

ENVIRONMENTAL PROCEDURES METHODS AND MATERIALS FOR CONTAINMENT AND CLEAN-UP

- Keep spilled material away from sewage/drainage systems and waterways.
- : All clean-up personnel must be properly trained. Confine the spill and remove incompatible materials and ignition sources. Ensure adequate ventilation. Secure the source of the leak if conditions are safe. Collect with an electrically protected vacuum cleaner or by wet-brushing and place waste in an appropriate container for disposal. Use care during clean-up to avoid exposure to the material and injury from broken containers.

SECTION 7 – HANDLING AND STORAGE

PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING

: Do not get on skin or in eyes. Do not inhale vapor or mist. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take measures to prevent the buildup of electrostatic charge.

ENVIRONMENTAL
PRECAUTIONS
CONDITIONS FOR SAFE
STORAGE

- : Stop the leak. Contain spill if possible and safe to do so. Prevent product from entering drains.
- : Keep container tightly closed in a cool, dry, and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Protect containers from heat, physical damage, ignition sources and incompatible materials. Have emergency equipment for fires and spills readily available.





SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

TLV (THRESHOLD LIMIT VALUE)

: The TLV in section in section III is the ACGIH/TLV-TWA (threshold limit value/time weighted average concentration for an eight hour work day). The STEL is the short term exposure limit and the (Ceil) is the ceiling limit.

COMPONENT	OSHA PEL – TWA	ACGIH – TLV	ACGIH – STEL
Isopropanol (Isopropyl alcohol)	400 ppm	200 ppm	400 ppm
Dipropylene glycol methyl ether	100 ppm, 600mg/m³	100 ppm	150 ppm
Nonylphenol Ethoxylate	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established
Ammonium Hydroxide	50 ppm	25 ppm	35 ppm

EYE PROTECTION : Use chemical safety goggles and/or a full face-shield where splashing is possible. Use

equipment approved by appropriate government standards, such as NIOSH (US) or EN166 (EU) Maintain eye wash fountain and quick-drench facilities in work area.

SKIN PROTECTION : Wear impervious, flame retardant, antistatic protective clothing, including boots,

gloves, lab coat, apron, or coveralls, as appropriate, to prevent skin contact.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face

respirator with multi-purpose combination (US) or type ABEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US)

or CEN (EU).

HAND PROTECTION : Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Dispose of contaminated

gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices.

Wash and dry hands.

APPROPRIATE ENGINEERING

CONTROLS

: General room or local exhaust ventilation is usually required to meet exposure limit(s). Electrical equipment should be grounded and conform to applicable

electrical code.

ADDITIONAL MEASURES : Emergency eyewash and safety shower facilities should be available in the

immediate work area.

REQUIRED WORK/HYGIENE: Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Keep away from all food stuff, beverages,

and feed. Do not eat, drink, or smoke in work area.

SECTION 9 – PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

APPEARANCE : Clear blue liquid.

ODOR : Mild cherry fragrance with slight ammonia odor.

ODOR THRESHOLD : Not available
PH : 10.0 - 11.5 AS IS
MELTING POINT/FREEZING : Not available

POINT

BOILING POINT : Approx. 200° F.

FLASH POINT : 12°C/ 53°F Closed Cup. (Isopropanol)

EVAPORATION RATE : Not available
FLAMMABILITY : Flammable Liquid
LOWER FLAMMABILITY LIMIT : Not available
UPPER FLAMMABILITY LIMIT : Not available
VAPOR PRESSURE : Not available
VAPOR DENSITY (AIR=1) : Not available

RELATIVE DENSITY : 0.93

SOLUBILITY IN WATER : Soluble in water PARTITION COEFFICIENT n- : Not available

OCTANOL/WATER

AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE : Not available DECOMPOSITION : Not available

TEMPERATURE

SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS TO AVOID

Heat, flames, and sparks. Extreme temperatures and direct sunlight.

INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION

Oxidizing agents, Acid anhydrides, Aluminum, Halogenated compounds, Acids. Carbon oxides are expected to be, under fire conditions, the primary hazardous

decomposition products.

PRODUCTS

SECTION 11 – TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Isopropanol (Isopropyl Alcohol)

ACUTE TOXICITY

LD50 Oral (rat): 5045 mg/kg. LD50 Dermal (rabbit): 12,800 mg/kg. LC50 Inhalation (rat) 8hr: 16,000 mg/kg.

OTHER INFORMATION EYES

Produces irritation, characterized by a burning sensation, redness, tearing, inflammation, and possible corneal injury. May cause transient corneal injury

OTHER INFORMATION

Causes gastrointestinal irritation with nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. May cause

INGESTION

kidney damage. May cause central nervous system depression, characterized by

excitement, followed by headache, dizziness, drowsiness, and nausea.

OTHER INFORMATION INHALATION

Inhalation of high concentrations may cause central nervous system effects characterized by nausea, headache, dizziness, unconsciousness, and coma. May cause narcotic effects in high concentration. Causes upper respiratory tract

OTHER INFORMATION SKIN

irritation. Inhalation of vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness. May cause irritation with pain and stinging, especially if the skin is abraded.

Isopropanol has a low potential to cause allergic skin reactions; however, rare cases of allergic contact dermatitis have been reported.

STOT SINGLE EXPSOSURE

Inhalation - May cause drowsiness or dizziness. - Central Nervous System.

CARCINOGENICITY

IARC: Group 3: Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans. No component of this product, present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a

carcinogen or potential carcinogen by ACGIH, NTP or OSHA.

TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Dipropylene Glycol Methyl Ether

ACUTE TOXICITY

LD50 values: Oral LD50: 5152 mg/kg (rat). LC50 dermal and inhalation: Not listed.

Eyes: Rabbit: Mild Irritation: 25 hours.

CARCINOGENICITY

No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, and

OSHA.

TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Nonylphenol Ethoxylate

ACUTE TOXICITY

LD50 Oral (rat: 3,989-5,000 mg/kg,

INHALATION LC50

No data available.

DERMAL LD50

LD50 Dermal (rabbit): 3,228-5,000 mg/kg.

SENSITIZATION SKIN

For this family of materials: Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in humans.

REPEATED DOSE TOXICITY

For this family of materials: In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs: Heart.

TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ammonium Hydroxide

ROUTES OF EXPOSURE SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE Inhalation, ingestion, skin, eyes.

Burning of the eyes, conjunctivitis, skin irritation, swelling of the eyelids and lips, dry red mouth, and tongue, burning in the throat, and coughing. In more severe cases of exposure, difficulty in breathing, signs, and symptoms of lung congestion, and, ultimately, death from respiratory failure due to pulmonary edema may occur

ACUTE TOXICITY LD50 Oral (rat): 350 mg/kg. Not listed with IARC, NTP. CARCINOGENICITY

OSHA REGULATED Yes

SECTION 12 – ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION Isopropanol

ACUTE FISH TOXICITY LC50 / 96 hr: Pimephales promelas: 9,640 mg/L.

TOXICITY TO DAPHNIA EC50 / 24 h / Water Flea - 5,102 mg/L.

TOXICITY TO PLANTS EC50 / 72 hours Desmodesmus subspicatus > 2,000 mg/L.

MOBILITY This material is expected to have very high mobility in soil. It does not absorb to

most soil types.

PERSISTENCE AND No data available.

DEGRADABILITY

BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL : No data available.

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION : Dipropylene Glycol Methyl Ether

ECOTOXICITY (aquatic and terrestrial, where available):

: LC50 / 96 hours Fathead Minnow - >10,000 mg/L **ACUTE FISH TOXICITY**

EC50 / 48 hours Water flea - 1,919 mg/L **TOXICITY TO DAPHNIA**

PERSISTENCE AND : No data available.

DEGRADABILITY

BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL No data available.

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION Nonylphenol Ethoxylate

ECOTOXICITY For this family of materials: Material is moderately toxic to aquatic organisms on an

acute basis (LC50/EC50 between 1 and 10 mg/L in most sensitive species tested).

FISH ACUTE AND PROLNGED

TOXICITY

: For this family of materials: LC50, fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas), 96 h: 1.6 -

24 mg/l

TOXICITY

AQUATIC INVERTEBRATE ACUTE: For this family of materials: LC50, water flea Daphnia magna, 48 h: 23.1 - 71.8 mg/L

For this family of materials: EC50, water flea Daphnia magna, 48 h, immobilization:

23.1 mg/L.

PERSISTENCE AND

DEGRADABILITY

: No data available for this family of materials: Based on stringent OECD test guidelines, this material cannot be considered as readily biodegradable; however,

these results do not necessarily mean that the material is not biodegradable under

environmental conditions.

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ECOTOXICITY

Ammonium Hydroxide

Harmful to aquatic life in very low concentrations. May be dangerous if it enters

water intakes. Notify local health and wildlife officials. Do not contaminate any body

of water by direct application, cleaning of equipment or disposal

ENVIRONMENTAL Highly toxic to fish. Toxic to invertebrates (Daphnia). May cause eutrophication.

Highly toxic to plankton. pH shift. Inhibition of activated sludge

PERSISTENCE AND

DEGRADABILITY

: Not applicable.

SECTION 13 – DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

WASTE DISPOSAL This product must be disposed of in accordance with Federal, state and local

> environmental regulations. Discarded materials may be considered hazardous waste due to pH/corrosivity. It is the responsibility of the product user to determine at the time of disposal whether a material containing, or derived from this product, should

be classified as a hazardous waste.

SECTION 14 - TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

DOT/IMDG/IATA PROPER

SHIPPING NAME

: UN1219, ISOPROPANOL SOLUTION 3 PGII

HAZARD CLASS AND LABEL

3 (Flammable Liquid)

UN NUMBER

UN1219

PACKAGING GROUP

PGII

EPA REPORTABLE QUANTITY

Not Applicable.

(RQ)

MARINE POLLUTANT Not listed. **EMERGENCY RESPONSE GUIDE** : ERG-129

SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

U.N. GHS CLASSIFICATION & LABELING INFORMATION: See Section 2 for GHS Hazard Information.

U.S. FEDERAL REGULATORY INFORMATION:

LISTED CARCINOGEN

: Not listed.

TSCA STATUS

The ingredients of this product are listed in TSCA inventory (40CFR 710.)

SARA SECTION 302

No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title

III, Section 302.

SARA SECTION 312

Dipropylene Glycol Methyl Ether: Chronic health hazard

Isopropanol: Acute health hazard, Chronic health hazard, Fire hazard.

SARA SECTION 313

The following components are subject to reporting levels established by SARA title

III, Section 313: ISOPROPANOL (CAS# 67-63-0)

CERCLA

No chemicals in this material with known CAS numbers are subject to the reporting

requirements of CERCLA.

NFPA HEALTH 2 : NFPA FLAMMABILITY **NFPA REACTIVITY** n

CANADIAN REGULATORY INFORMATION:

WHMIS CATEGORY : Isopropanol: B2: Flammable Liquid

Isopropanol: D2B: Materials that cause other toxic effects

(TOXIC).

DOMESTIC SUBSTANCES LIST

(DSL)

: Listed

INGREDIENT DISCLOSURE LIST

: Listed



SECTION 16 – OTHER INFORMATION

DISCLAIMER

The information contained herein has been compiled from sources believed to be reliable and accurate to the best of our knowledge at this date. It is provided without warranty, expressed or implied, as to the results of use of this information or to the product to which it relates. Wesmar Co. assumes no responsibility for injury to any person or property resulting from any use of the material. Each user assumes the risk in their use of this product and should review the data and recommendations in the specific context of their intended use.

CERCLA : Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act.

EINECS : European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

IMDG
 International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
 IARC
 International Agency for Research on Cancer
 IATA
 International Air Transportation Association

ACGIH : American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

NFPA : National Fire Protection Association (USA)

NTP : National Toxicology Program

SARA : Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act

TSCA : Toxic Substances Control Act

HMIS : Hazardous Materials Identification System (USA)WHMIS : Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

LC50 : Lethal concentration, 50 percent

LD50 : Lethal dose, 50 percent

STOT : Systemic Target Organ Toxicity

DATE PREPARED : MAR 1, 2018 **DATE REVISED** : DEC 12, 2022